Figurative Language

Figurative language is what makes reading fun and interesting. There are many different types of figurative language out there. Figurative language is different from literal language.

Vocabulary		
Literal Language	Writing with words that keep their given meaning.	
Figurative Language	Writing that goes beyond the actual meaning of the words to help the reader have deeper understanding or trigger the senses.	
Imagery	Using language that helps trigger the five senses – seeing, hearing, taste, feeling, and smell.	
Comparisons	Comparing two things that have similar qualities to make them stand out.	
Personification	To give human qualities to objects or things from nature.	
Idioms	A traditional phrase that holds a specific meaning that usually very different than the used words.	

Literal Language

- 1. The bird flew out of the tree and into its nest.
- 2. The sun was shining in the sky.
- 3. The lily pad floated on the pond next to a patch of algae.

Imagery

1. The toad rubbed its dry and bumpy skin against the rough bark of the tree.

What sense is triggered? _____.

What words triggered you? _____

2. The skunk sprayed its foul stench which obliterated the lovely fragrance of flowers.

What sense is triggered? _____.

What words triggered you? _____

Comparisons

1. The frog was a statue, waiting for a fly to buzz by.

The frog is compared to a _____.

They are both ______.

2. The lightning cut through the sky like a jagged knife.

The lightning is compared to a _____.

They both ______.

Personification

1. The sun smiled on the bayou, illuminating the normally shady trees.

The human action is ______.

What really happened? ______.

2. As thunder boomed, the clouds began to cry.

The human action is ______.

What really happened? _____

Figurative Language Examples

Imagery Examples	Comparison Examples
Personification Examples	Extra Examples

Common English Idioms

- Give it a shot Try
- Speak your mind Say what you really feel
- 3. A piece of cake Very easy
- 4. Slipped my mind I forgot
- Be in hot water Be in trouble
- It cost an arm and a leg It was expensive
- It's in the bag It's a certainty
- Get cold feet Be nervous
- 9. A rip off Not a good deal
- 10. Get a kick out of Enjoy something
- Read between the lines Find the hidden meaning
- 12. Draw a blank Can't remember
- 13. Have a change of heart Changed your mind
- 14. Get your act together Behave properly
- 15. Play it by ear Be ready to change plans
- 16. Have second thoughts Have doubts
- 17. Have a shot at Have a chance
- 18. Out of the blue With no warning
- 19. A grey area Something unclear
- 20. I'm all ears You have my undivided attention
- 21. See eye to eye Agree
- 22. Call it a day Time to quit

- Fish out of water Being somewhere you don't belong
- 2. Get off your high horse Quit thinking you are better than others
- 3. Hold your horses Wait a minute
- 4. Let the cat out of the bag Tell a secret
- 5. Curiosity killed the cat Asking may get you in trouble
- 6. Cat got your tongue? Why aren't you talking?
- 7. Raining cats and dogs It is raining very hard
- You can't teach an old dog new tricks It's harder for older people to learn new things
- 9. Doggy bag A bag to take home leftovers from a restaurant
- 10. A little birdie told me Someone told me a secret
- 11. Goose is cooked Now you're in trouble
- 12. Put a bug in his ear Make a suggestion
- 13. A bull in a china shop someone who is very clumsy
- 14. Pig out To eat a lot
- 15. Wolf in sheep's clothing A person who pretends to be nice but is not
- 16. Cry crocodile tears To pretend to be upset
- 17. Make a mountain out of a molehill Make something that is not important into a big deal